

HANDS-ON Building a Studentmodel using MEBN/PrOWL2

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Preinstalled software needed for this session:

- Java JRE (recent version)
- Protégé ontology editor 5.0 or higher (<http://protege.stanford.edu>)
- UnBBayes (<http://sourceforge.net/projects/unbbayes>)
 - o GUI and plugins unbbayes.prs.mebn, unbbayes.gui.mebn.ontology.protege
 - o Versions: Gui: 4.21.15, plugins 1.13.11 and 1.1.4, *or*
Gui: 4.21.18, plugins 1.14.13 and 1.2.5.
- Some Java IDE (e.g. Eclipse) (JDK needed)

We are going to create a very simple student model (with two MFragments).

Part 1: setting up your ontology

1a. create empty ontology file

- Start Protégé.
- Rename the ontology (field Ontology IRI) to: "studentmodel".
- Save the model in OWL/XML format under the filename "studentmodel.owl"

1b. create Classes

- Switch to tab "Classes"
- Create classes Time, Task, Skill (all three, subclasses of Thing)

1c. create Instances (individuals)

- Switch to tab "individuals"
- Create individuals for Skills: "writing", "designing", "programming".
- Create individuals for Tasks: "task_1", "task_2"
- Save ontology

1d. create object properties (relations)

- Switch to tab "object properties"
- Add property "needsSkill" (under topObjectProperty)
- Select "Task" for the domain and "Skill" for the range of this object property.
- Save ontology

1e. create data properties

- Switch to tab "data properties"
- Add property "finishedTask"
- Add as domain: Task and Time
- Select as range the built-in data type "xsd:Boolean"
- Add properties "practicedSkill" and "hasSkill"
- Add as domain: Skill and Time to both
- Select as range the built-in data type "xsd:Boolean" for both
- Save ontology

1f. create relation between instances

- Switch to tab "individuals"
- Select "task_1"
- Add object property assertion: needsSkill designing
- Add object property assertion: needsSkill writing
- Select "task_2"
- Add object property assertion: needsSkill programming

- Add object property assertion: needsSkill writing
- Save ontology
- Close Protégé

Part 2: creating the MEBN

2a. create an MEBN file pair (.ubf + .owl)

- Open UnBBayes
- Open file studentmodel.owl form part 1
 - Select file type "MEBN with PR-OWL 2.0"
- Save the file under name "studentmodel.ubf"
 - Select file type "MEBN with PR-OWL 2.0" (**DO THIS ALL THE TIME!!!**)
- Close UnBBayes
- You will find that two linked files have been created:
 - Studentmodel.owl
 - Studentmodel.ubf
- Open studentmodel.owl in Protégé and observe the additions (imported ontology "pr-owl2.owl") DO NOT SAVE!

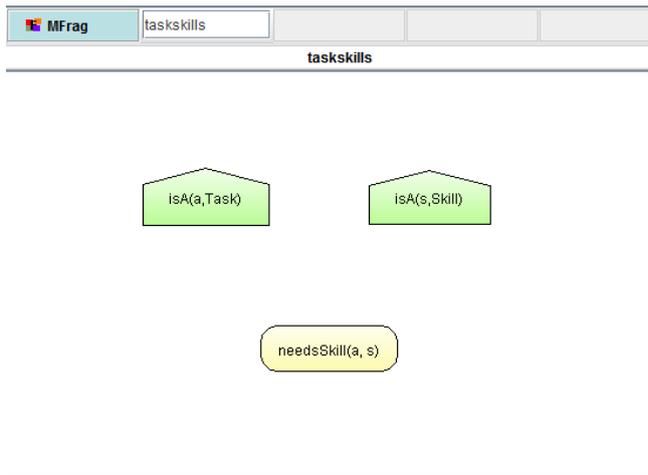
2b. add time steps

- Open UnBBayes
- Open file studentmodel.ubf form part 2a (**DO NOT SELECT THE OWL FILE**)
 - Select file type "MEBN with PR-OWL 2.0"
- In the MTheory tab, select MTheory entities pane (button with the orange circle): 
- Select Class "Time" and check the box "is Ordenable"
- Select the Entity instances pane (diamond and orange circle): 
- Select "Time [Ord]"
- Add time instances "T0", "T1", "T2", "T3" (enter name and use "+" button).
- Save the file (Select file type "MEBN with PR-OWL 2.0")

2c. create the MFrag "taskskills"

- Insert a new MFrag (use third vertical button): 
- Change the name of the MFrag in "taskskills" (name field at top of right pane, press Enter)
- Insert a task variable
 - Press "insert Ordinary variable" button 
 - Click in the right pain to place the variable node
 - Select "Task" from the dropdown box
 - Enter "a" as the name for the variable
 - Enlarge the "IsA" node symbol to make the text is readable: 
- Add a variable "s" of type Skill
- Add the relation node "needsSkill"
 - Select the "Property2Node" tab on the top
 - Select the middle button ("Show OWL properties") 
 - Locate property "needsSkill" and drag it to the right pane
 - Enlarge the node to make the text readable.
 - Select the "Mtheory" tab on de top
 - Unselect and reselect the "needsSkill" node (the left pane will chan
 - Select the button for parameters (parantheses)
 - Double click on "a (Task)" and double click on "s (Skill)" to add the parametes
 - Click on the "T+" button and the "+" button to set Boolean values for this node (true, false, absurd).
- Save your file

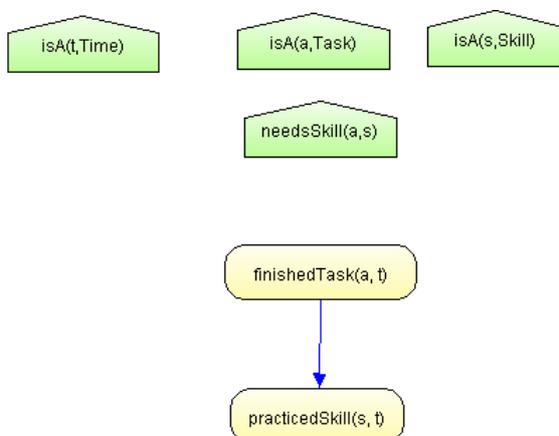




The result of 2c: MFrags taskskills

2d. create the MFrags "practice"

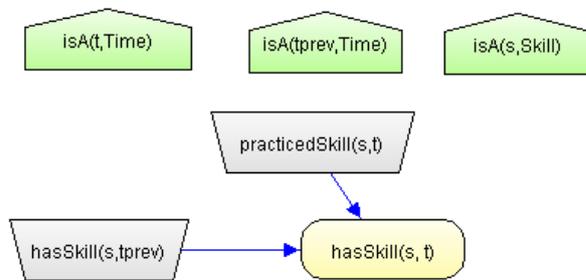
- Insert a new MFrags "practice"
- Insert variable t of type Time
- Add a variable "a" of type Task and a variable "s" of type Skill
- To restrict the relation between task and skill:
 - Add a context node to the MFrags (use button "C"):
 - Double click "formula" in the left upper pane
 - Double click node "needsSkill" in the left lower pane (tree)
 - Double click on "needsSkill" that just appeared in the upper pane
 - Select "a" for the Task_label and "s" for the Skill_label
 - The node should now look like:
- From the Property2Node tab drag property "finishedTask" to the MFrags.
 - Set parameters to "a" and "t"
 - Add Boolean values to this node
- From the Property2Node tab drag property "practicedSkill" to the MFrags.
 - Set parameters to "s" and "t"
 - Add Boolean values to this node
- Add an arrow from finishedTask to practicedSkill:
- Save your file



Result of 2d: MFrags practice

2e. create MFrag "skilldevelopment"

- Insert a new MFrag "skilldevelopment"
- Insert variables t and tprev of type Time
- Add a variable "s" of type Skill
- From the Property2Node tab drag property "hasSkill" to the MFrag.
 - Set parameters to "s" and "t"
 - Add Boolean values to this node
- Add an input node using the "I" button
 - Select node "hasSkill" from the left tree
 - Select "s" for the Skill_label
 - Select "tprev" for the Time_label
- Add an arrow from inputnode "hasSkill(s,tprev)" to "hasSkill(s,t)"
- Add a second input node
 - Select node "practicedSkill" from the left tree
 - Select "s" and "t" for the labels
- Add an arrow from inputnode "practicedSkill(s,t)" to "hasSkill(s,t)"
- Save your file



The result of 2e: MFrag skilldevelopment

2f create local distributions

- Open MFrag Practice, click on node "practicedSkill"
- Open the probability table editor:
- Enter the following formula (using the buttons):



```

if any t have ( finishedTask = true) [
  true = 0.8,
  false = 0.2,
  absurd = 0
] else [
  true = 0.2,
  false = 0.8,
  absurd = 0
]

```

- Click on "Save" and then on "Compile"
- In node "finishedTask" add the formula

```

[
  true = 0.01,
  false = 0.99,
  absurd = 0
]

```

- Remember to press "Save" and then "Compile"

- Open MFrag skilldevelopment, click on "hasSkill"
- Edit the probability table and fill in the following formula:

```

if any t have ( practicedSkill=true ) [
if any tprev have (hasSkill=true) [
  true = 0.9,
  false = 0.1,
  absurd = 0
] else [
  true = 0.7,
  false = 0.3,
  absurd = 0
]
] else [
if any tprev have (hasSkill=true) [
  true = 0.6,
  false = 0.4,
  absurd = 0
] else [
  true = 0.1,
  false = 0.9,
  absurd = 0
]
]]

```

- Remember to press "Save" and then "Compile"
- Save your file

Part 3: querying the network

Now we are ready to query the MEBN network.

First add some context knowledge:

- Open the findings editing pane
- Select needskill and use the pencil button to add
 - Task 1 needs skill writing
 - Task 2 needs designing



Then add an observation:

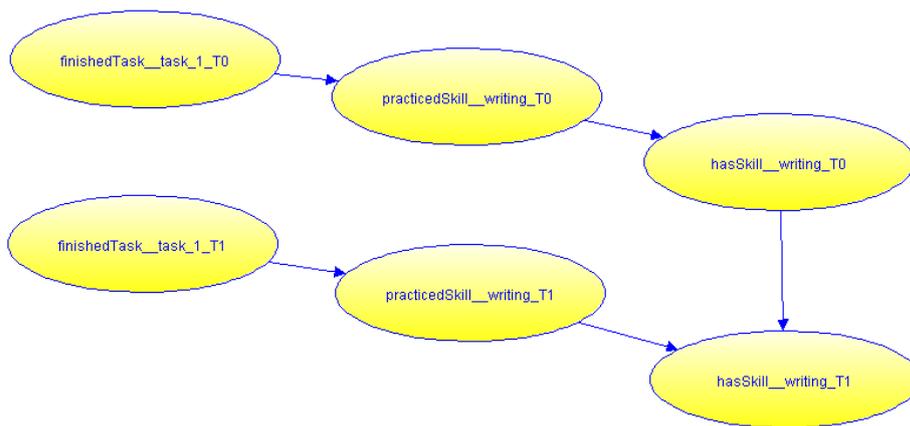
- Select finishedTask and use the pencil to add:
 - Task 1 was finished on T0

Now we can query:

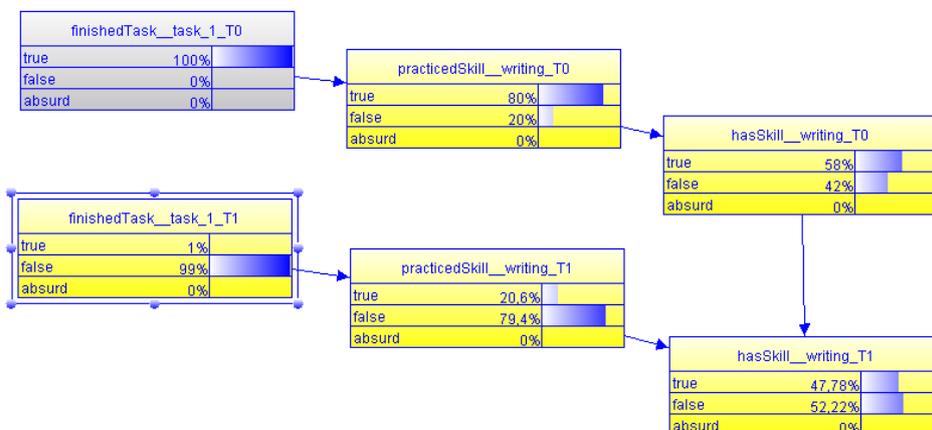
- Press the query button:
- Select "hasSkill" from the list
- Select skill "writing" and time "T1"
- Press Execute



The following query-graph (SSBN) appears (after rearranging the nodes a bit):



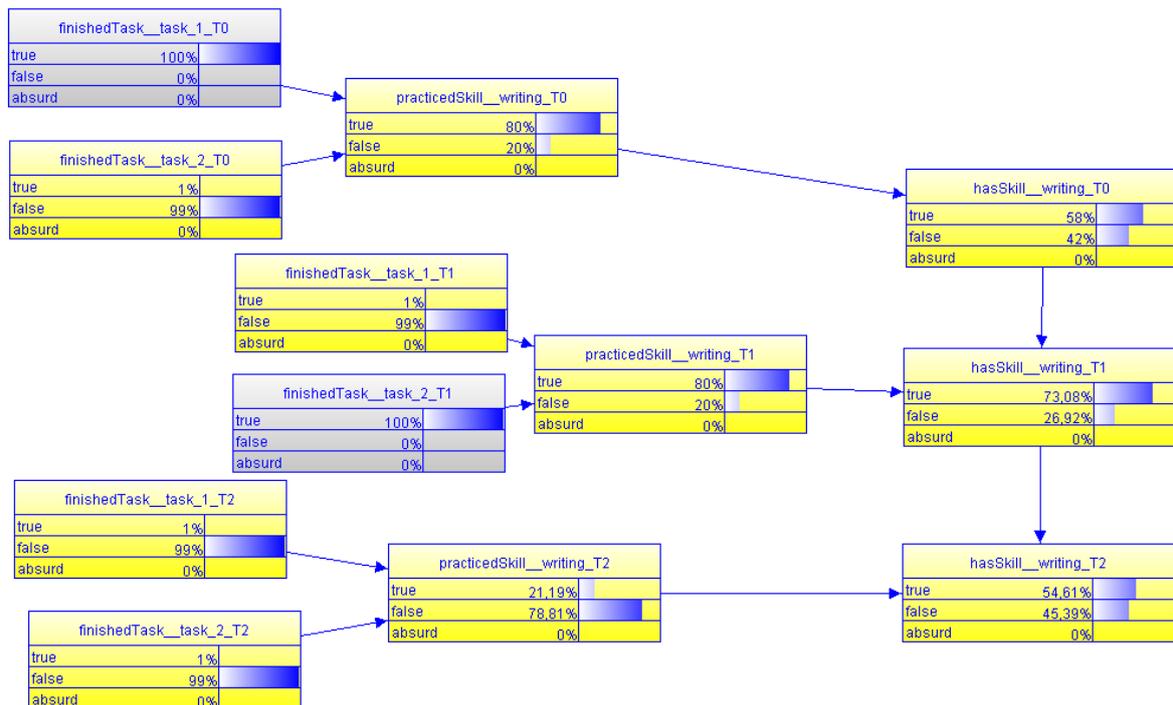
On the left you can see the resulting properties. By right-clicking on the nodes, you can show the belief bars in the nodes:



You can see that the skill decreases a bit, because it was practiced only at T0. Use the edit network button to return to the edit mode:



Now change the context such that Task 2 also needs writing skill. Add the observation that task 2 was finished at T1. Query the writing skill at time T2.



Additional tasks

- Try adding some more context knowledge, observations and queries.
- What happens if you change the probability tables?
- Discuss the shortcomings and possible improvements of this simple model.
- Open and study the Watchme student model in UnBBayes

Part 4: querying the network in Java

Import the eclipse project into Eclipse and open the "main.java" file:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
File ubf = new File("C:\\\\gala_workshop\\\\models\\\\studentmodel.ubf");  
try {  
    UnBBayesWrapper ub = new UnBBayesWrapper(ubf);  
    ProbabilisticNetwork pr=null;  
  
    // add context knowledge  
    ub.addBooleanEntityFinding("needsSkill", new String[] {"task_1", "writing"},true);  
    ub.addBooleanEntityFinding("needsSkill", new String[] {"task_2", "writing"},true);  
  
    // add observations  
    ub.addBooleanEntityFinding("finishedTask", new String[] {"task_1", "T0"},true);  
    ub.addBooleanEntityFinding("finishedTask", new String[] {"task_2", "T1"},true);  
  
    // make query  
    List<QueryItem> q = Arrays.asList(new QueryItem("hasSkill",  
        Arrays.asList("writing", "T2")));  
  
    // run query  
    pr = ub.query(q);  
  
    // collect output probabilities  
    System.out.println("OUTPUT:");  
  
    ProbabilisticNode pn = (ProbabilisticNode) pr.getNode("hasSkill__writing_T0");  
    System.out.println("p(has writing skill at T0) = "+pn.getMarginalAt(0));  
  
    pn = (ProbabilisticNode) pr.getNode("hasSkill__writing_T1");  
    System.out.println("p(has writing skill at T1) = "+pn.getMarginalAt(0));  
  
    pn = (ProbabilisticNode) pr.getNode("hasSkill__writing_T2");  
    System.out.println("p(has writing skill at T2) = "+pn.getMarginalAt(0));  
  
} catch (Exception e) {  
    System.out.println(e.toString());  
    e.printStackTrace();  
}}
```

Study the above code, run it (change the path to the ubf file as needed).

Try to create more queries to the network.